

The graph of ordered pairs (Figure 1(a)) is a representation of the set  $\{a, b\}^{\mathbb{Z}} \times \{0, 1\}^{\mathbb{N}}$ .

For example, the path shown in red on Figure 1(a) corresponds to  $\dots baabaaaa \dots \in \{a, b\}^{\mathbb{Z}}$  (the green letter is the central position) and  $(0, 1, 0, \dots) \in \{0, 1\}^{\mathbb{N}}$ .

Figure 1(b) helps to see the action of the adic transformation on this graph. The adic transformation sends  $\dots baabaaaa \dots$  to  $\dots baabaaaa \dots$  and  $(0, 1, 0, \dots)$  to  $(1, 1, 0, \dots)$ . Hence it is the product of the shift and the dyadic odometer.

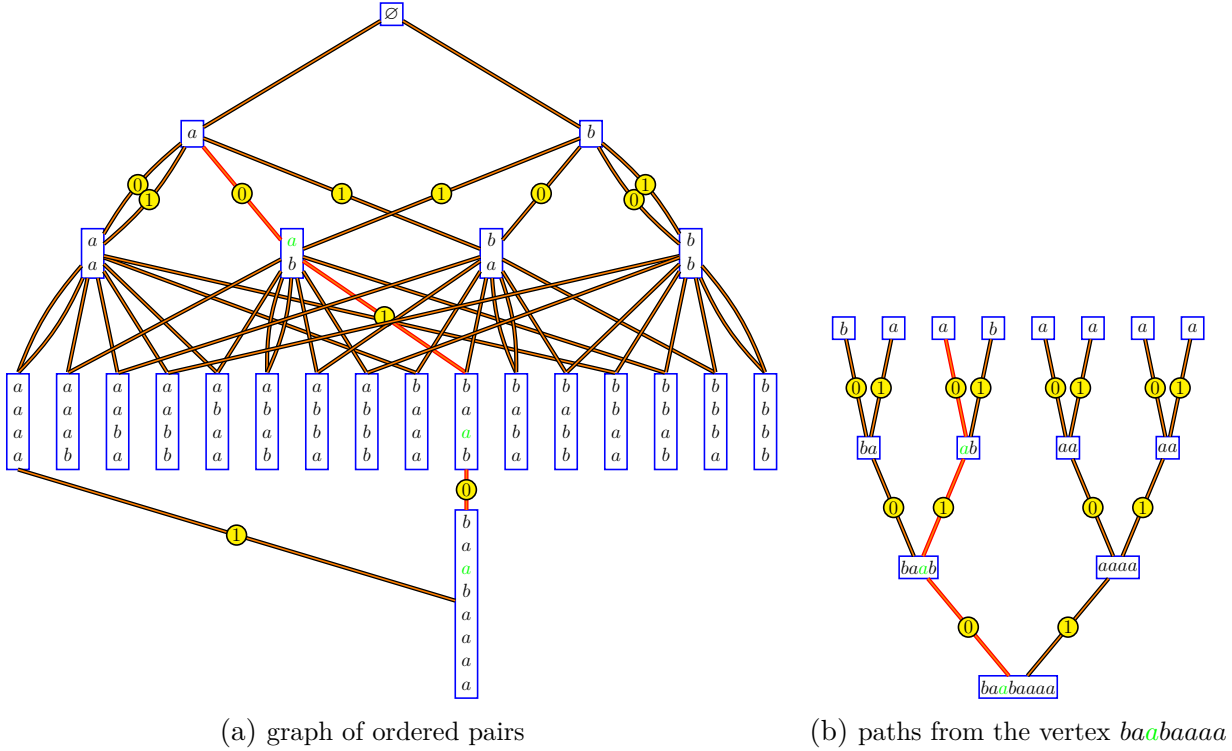


Figure 1: graph of ordered pairs

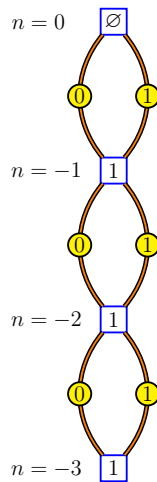


Figure 2: The Bratteli graph of the dyadic odometer